

## Review: Chapter 4

**Solve the equation using the square root property.**

1)  $(8s+5)^2 = 49$

2)  $7(5x-6)^2 - 3 = 172$

**Solve the equation by completing the square.**

3)  $5x^2 + 10x - 40 = 0$

5)  $4p^2 - 3p - 9 = 0$

4)  $-3z^2 - 18z + 5 = -1$

6)  $m^2 + 4m - 39 = -19$

**Solve the equation by using the quadratic formula.**

7)  $4m^2 - 3m - 5 = 0$

10)  $5x^2 = -22x - 8$

8)  $-9x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0$

11)  $3w^2 - w + 14 = 8$

9)  $7x^2 - 4x = -7$

12)  $3x^2 - 15 = 0$

**Determine the  $x$ -intercept(s),  $y$ -intercept, and vertex of the graph of each quadratic equation.**

13)  $y = -2x^2 + 24x - 40$

15)  $y = x^2 - 12x + 36$

14)  $y = 2x^2 - 20x + 32$

**Determine the vertex and intercepts, then use this information to sketch the graph.**

16)  $y = x^2 + 6x + 8$ .

17)  $y = 2x^2 - 16x + 24$ .

**Solve.**

18) NASA launches a rocket at  $t = 0$  seconds. Its height, in meters, above sea-level in terms of time is given by the equation  $h = -4.9t^2 + 58t + 241$ .

a) How high is the rocket after 8 seconds?

b) How high was the rocket when it was initially launched?

**Solve.**

- 19) A large explosion causes wood and metal debris to rise vertically into the air with an initial velocity of 128 feet per second. The equation  $h = 128t - 16t^2$  gives the height of the falling debris above the ground, in feet,  $t$  seconds after the explosion.
- Use the given equation to find the height of the debris one second after the explosion.
  - How many seconds after the explosion will the debris hit the ground?
- 20) If the equation  $P = 4 + 5x - 2x^2$  represents the profit, in thousands of dollars, in selling  $x$  thousand Bassblast speakers, how many speakers should be sold to maximize profit? What is the maximum profit?
- 21) We are standing on the top of a 512 feet tall building and launch a small object upward. The object's height, measured in feet, after  $t$  seconds is given by the equation  $h = -16t^2 + 224t + 512$ .
- After how many seconds does the object hit the ground?
  - What is the highest point that the object reaches?
- 22) We are standing on the top of a 1024 feet tall building and launch a small object upward. The object's vertical position, measured in feet, after  $t$  seconds is given by the equation  $h = -16t^2 + 192t + 1024$ . How long does it take for the object to reach the highest point? What is the highest point that the object reaches?

## ANSWERS to Review: Chapter 4

1)  $-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}$

Ⓐ 2)  $\frac{11}{5}, \frac{1}{5}$

3)  $2, -4$

5)  $\frac{3+\sqrt{153}}{8}, \frac{3-\sqrt{153}}{8}$

4)  $-3+\sqrt{11}, -3-\sqrt{11}$

Ⓐ 6)  $-2+2\sqrt{6}, -2-2\sqrt{6}$

7)  $\frac{3+\sqrt{89}}{8}, \frac{3-\sqrt{89}}{8}$

Ⓐ 10)  $-\frac{2}{5}, -4$

8)  $\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}$

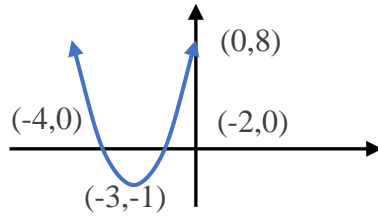
11)  $\frac{1+i\sqrt{71}}{6}, \frac{1-i\sqrt{71}}{6}$

9)  $\frac{2+3i\sqrt{5}}{7}, \frac{2-3i\sqrt{5}}{7}$

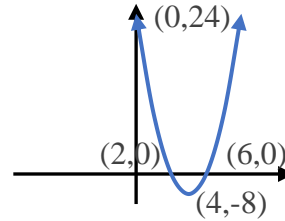
12)  $-\sqrt{5}, \sqrt{5}$

13) y-intercept:  $(0, -40)$ ; x-intercepts:  
 $(2, 0), (10, 0)$ ; vertex:  $(6, 32)$ 15) y-intercept:  $(0, 36)$ ; x-intercept:  
 $(6, 0)$ ; vertex:  $(6, 0)$ Ⓐ 14) y-intercept:  $(0, 32)$ ; x-intercepts:  
 $(2, 0), (8, 0)$ ; vertex:  $(5, -18)$

16)



17)



18) 391.4 meters; 241 meters

19) 112 feet; 8 seconds

20) 1250 speakers; \$7,125

21) 16 seconds; 1296 feet

22) 6 seconds; 1600 feet